1 5		268	To eliminate crossover
1 R	WITH DIVERSE-TYPE ART DEVICE	200	distortion
1 A	.With process control system	269	Having field effect transistor
2	WITH AMPLIFIER CONDITION	270	Having D.C. feedback bias
2	INDICATING OR TESTING MEANS	270	control for stabilization
3	WITH PLURAL DIVERSE-TYPE	271	Having signal feedback means
_	AMPLIFYING DEVICES	272	Having temperature compensating
4	WITH MASER-TYPE AMPLIFYING DEVICE	272	means
4.5	PARAMETRIC AMPLIFIERS	273	Having particular biasing
4.6	.Traveling wave type	273	arrangement
4.7	Electron beam device	274	_
4.8	.Gyromagnetic type (e.g.,	2/4	To eliminate crossover distortion
	ferrite)	275	Having balanced to unbalanced
4.9	.Semiconductor type (e.g., with	2/5	3
	semiconductor diode)	276	circuitry and vice versa
5	WITH SOLID ELEMENT WAVE		Having transformer
	PROPAGATING AMPLIFYING DEVICE	277	.Including field effect
5.5	.Phonon type (e.g., ultrasonic	070	transistor
	wave propagating device)	278	.Including gain control means
6	WITH HALL EFFECT TYPE MEANS	279	And significant control voltage
7	WITH CAPACITIVE AMPLIFYING DEVICE	200	developing means
8	WITH SATURABLE REACTOR-TYPE	280	With delay means
	AMPLIFYING DEVICE	281	With time constant means
9	WITH PERIODIC SWITCHING INPUT-	282	Having feedback means acting as
	OUTPUT (E.G., FOR DRIFT		variable impedance
	CORRECTION)	283	Having emitter degeneration
10	MODULATOR-DEMODULATOR-TYPE	284	Having attenuation means in
	AMPLIFIER		signal transmission path
11	WITH D.C. REINSERTION CIRCUIT	285	Having particular biasing means
250	WITH SEMICONDUCTOR AMPLIFYING	286	.Including distributed parameter-
	DEVICE (E.G., TRANSISTOR)		type coupling
251	.Including Class D amplifier	287	Of diode type
252	.Including differential amplifier	288	.Including current mirror
253	Having field effect transistor		amplifier
254	Having gain control means	289	.Including temperature
255	Having push-pull amplifier		compensation means
	stage	290	.Including D.C. feedback bias
256	Having temperature compensation		control for stabilization
	means	291	.Including signal feedback means
257	Having current mirror amplifier	292	Having compensation for
258	Having common mode rejection		interelectrode impedance
	circuit	293	Having negative feedback
259	Having D.C. feedback bias	294	Transiture for a more and a second a second and a second
	Having D.C. Leedback blas	29 4	Having frequency-responsive
	control for stabilization	294	means or phase-shift means in
260			
260 261	control for stabilizationHaving signal feedback means	295	<pre>means or phase-shift means in feedback path .Including plural amplifier</pre>
	control for stabilization	295	means or phase-shift means in feedback path
	control for stabilizationHaving signal feedback meansHaving particular biasing arrangement		<pre>means or phase-shift means in feedback path .Including plural amplifier</pre>
261	<pre>control for stabilizationHaving signal feedback meansHaving particular biasing arrangement .Including push-pull amplifier</pre>	295	<pre>means or phase-shift means in feedback path .Including plural amplifier channels</pre>
261262263	control for stabilizationHaving signal feedback meansHaving particular biasing arrangement .Including push-pull amplifierHaving complementary symmetry	295	<pre>means or phase-shift means in feedback path .Including plural amplifier channels .Including particular biasing</pre>
261 262 263 264	control for stabilizationHaving signal feedback meansHaving particular biasing arrangement .Including push-pull amplifierHaving complementary symmetryAnd field effect transistor	295 296	<pre>means or phase-shift means in feedback path .Including plural amplifier channels .Including particular biasing arrangement</pre>
261 262 263 264 265	control for stabilizationHaving signal feedback meansHaving particular biasing arrangement .Including push-pull amplifierHaving complementary symmetryAnd field effect transistorAnd feedback means	295 296	<pre>means or phase-shift means in feedback path .Including plural amplifier channels .Including particular biasing arrangement .Including particular power</pre>
261 262 263 264 265 266	control for stabilizationHaving signal feedback meansHaving particular biasing arrangement .Including push-pull amplifierHaving complementary symmetryAnd field effect transistorAnd feedback meansAnd temperature compensation	295 296 297	<pre>means or phase-shift means in feedback path .Including plural amplifier channels .Including particular biasing arrangement .Including particular power supply circuitry</pre>
261 262 263 264 265	control for stabilizationHaving signal feedback meansHaving particular biasing arrangement .Including push-pull amplifierHaving complementary symmetryAnd field effect transistorAnd feedback means	295 296 297 298	means or phase-shift means in feedback path .Including plural amplifier channels .Including particular biasing arrangement .Including particular power supply circuitry .Including protection means

300 301	Bipolar or unipolar (FET) .Including balanced to unbalanced	59	HAVING LIGHT-CONTROLLED OR ACTIVATED DEVICE (I.E., NOT
301	circuits and vice versa		LIGHT SIGNAL)
302	.Including frequency-responsive	60	HAVING MAGNETOSTRICTIVE-TYPE
	means in the signal		AMPLIFYING DEVICE
	transmission path	61 R	WITH RESISTIVE-TYPE AMPLIFYING
303	Including an active device in		DEVICE
	the filter means	62	.Magnetoresistive type
304	And equalizing means	61 A	.Negative resistance amplifiers
305	And tuning means	63	WITH MAGNETIC MEANS AMPLIFYING
306	And bandpass, broadband (e.g.,		DEVICE
	wideband) or sidepass means	64	WITH SPACE CHARGE GRID TUBE
307	.Integrated circuits	65	INVOLVING STRUCTURE OTHER THAN
308	.Including atomic particle or		THAT OF TRANSFORMERS PER SE
	radiant energy impinging on a	66	.With printed circuits
	semiconductor	67	.With capacitive structure
309	.Involving structure of three	68	.With shielding means
	diverse function electrode	69	SUM AND DIFFERENCE AMPLIFIERS
	type	70	ANODE ENERGIZED THROUGH DISCHARGE
310	.Including plural stages cascaded		PATH OF CONTROLLED VACUUM TUBE
311	Having different configurations	71	.Plural discharge paths traversed
41	WITH GAS OR VAPOR TUBE AMPLIFYING		by anode supply
	DEVICE	72	Amplifier devices in arms of a
42	WITH SECONDARY ELECTRON EMISSION		bridge
	TUBE AMPLIFYING DEVICE	73	.Plural outputs
43	WITH TRAVELING WAVE-TYPE TUBE	74	.Separate signal inputs to series
44	WITH ELECTRON BEAM TUBE		devices
	AMPLIFYING DEVICE	75	SIGNAL FEEDBACK
45	.Having electrode coupled to	76	.Compensating for inter-electrode
	cavity resonator		impedance (e.g.,
46	.Having deflecting means		neutralization)
47	WITH MAGNETICALLY INFLUENCED	77	At least one push-pull stage
	DISCHARGE DEVICE (E.G.,	78	To or from electrode common to
	MAGNETRONS)		input and output
48	.Having signal applied to	79	By transformer feedback
	magnetic means	80	By coil in parallel to and
49	WITH VACUUM TUBE HAVING		resonating with inter-
	DISTRIBUTED PARAMETER		electrode capacity
	IMPEDANCE CHARACTERISTICS	81	.At least one push-pull signal
50	WITH DUMMY TUBE		stage
51	COMBINED WITH AUTOMATIC AMPLIFIER	82	Positive and negative feedback
	DISABLING SWITCH MEANS	83	Including D.C. path for signal
52	WITH PILOT FREQUENCY CONTROL		feedback
	MEANS	84	.Plural amplifier channels
53	WITH DISTRIBUTED PARAMETER-TYPE	85	.Amplifier in signal feedback
	COUPLING MEANS		path
54	.Distributed amplifier	86	.Variable impedance in feedback
55	.Push-pull		path varied by separate
56	.Waveguide, cavity, or concentric		control path
	line resonator	87	.Cathode impedance feedback
57	.Artificial line	88	Cascade amplifier stages with
58	WITH ROTATING DYNAMOELECTRIC		cathode-cathode feedback
	AMPLIFYING DEVICE	89	Between adjacent stages

CLASS 330 AMPLIFIERS 330 - 3

90	Combined with diverse-type	120	.Interstage coupling between
91	feedback couplingDiverse feedback to or from	121	<pre>push-pullD.C. coupling</pre>
91	cathode	121	D.C. coupling .Input and/or output coupling for
92	Feedback to cathode impedance	122	push-pull
94	of a prior stage	123	.Power or bias supply circuits
93	Including positive feedback	123	and control thereof
94	Frequency responsive means in	124 R	WITH PLURAL AMPLIFIER CHANNELS
<i>J</i> 1	cathode impedance feedback	121 10	(E.G., PARALLEL AMPLIFIER
	path		CHANNELS)
95	Nonlinear impedance means in	125	.D.C. and A.C. amplifier channels
, ,	cathode impedance feedback	126	.Amplifying different frequencies
	path		in different channels
96	.Combined with control of bias	124 D	.Redundant amplifier circuits
	voltage of signal amplifier	127	WITH CONTROL OF POWER SUPPLY OR
97	.Including D.C. path for signal		BIAS VOLTAGE
	feedback	128	.Control means for anode of
98	.In cascade amplifiers		screen grid circuit
99	Multiple feedback	129	.With control of input electrode
100	A feedback to input of a prior		or gain control electrode bias
	stage	130	Bias controlled by separate
101	.Positive and negative feedback		external control source
	in same path at different	131	Control of bias on separate
	frequencies		gain control electrode
102	.Current and voltage feedback	132	Frequency selective means to
103	.Multiple feedback paths		select control signal from
104	Positive and negative feedback		amplifier channel
105	.From impedance in series with	133	Different bias control means
	output load (e.g., current		for different stages of
	feedback)		cascade amplifier
106	.In series with input source	134	Plural different bias control
107	.Phase shift means in loop path		voltages provided by separate
108	.Potentiometer common to signal		means
	and feedback path	135	Amplitude limiting or bias
109	.Frequency responsive feedback	126	voltage
110	means	136	Bias control signal from input
110	.Nonlinear impedance element in	1 2 7	of amplifier
111	loop path	137	Oscillator supplies or controls
111	.To or from an auxiliary grid or	138	Bias controlled by biased
112	to the anode	130	rectifier or discharge device
113	.Positive feedback POLYPHASE POWER SUPPLY (I.E., FOR	139	Electronic tube controls bias
113	AN ELECTRODE, CATHODE HEATER,	140	Rectifier in bias control
	OR FILAMENT)	110	circuit
114	UNRECTIFIED A.C. POWER SUPPLY FOR	141	Time constant circuit in bias
111	AN ELECTRODE (I.E., NOT THE		control circuit
	HEATER)	142	Cathode resistor supplies bias
115	.Applied to filamentary cathode	-	(e.g., self-biasing circuits)
116	WITH BALANCED-TO-UNBALANCED	143	THERMALLY RESPONSIVE IMPEDANCE
	COUPLING	144	VARIABLE IMPEDANCE FOR SIGNAL
117	WITH UNBALANCED-TO-BALANCED		CHANNEL CONTROLLED BY SEPARATE
	COUPLING		CONTROL PATH
118	INCLUDING A PUSH-PULL STAGE	145	.Electron tube or diode as
119	.Coupling to or from cathode in		impedance
	push-pull		

146	WHEATSTONE BRIDGE WITH AMPLIFIER	178	With R or L in series between
	IN AT LEAST ONE ARM		stages
147	PLURAL SIGNAL INPUTS	179	L in anode or grid circuit
148	PLURAL SIGNAL OUTPUTS	180	With R in anode and grid
149	HUM OR NOISE OR DISTORTION		circuit (RC coupling)
	BUCKING INTRODUCED INTO SIGNAL	181	.D.C. coupled
	CHANNEL	182	With series reactive element
150	CASCADED SIMILAR AMPLIFYING		between stages
	DEVICE OF DIFFERENT	183	With nonlinear device
	CHARACTERISTICS	184	With series resistance between
151	WITH AMPLIFIER BYPASS MEANS		stages
	(E.G., FORWARD FEED)	185	INPUT NETWORKS
152	CASCADED DIFFERENTLY COUPLED	186	.To cathode
	BETWEEN STAGES	187	D.C. coupled
153	.Including a cathode follower	_	-
133	stage	188	.Transformer coupled
154	.Transformer or resonant circuit	189	With additional impedance
134			connected to "P" or "S"
	in interstage coupling (e.g.,		circuits
1	stagger tuning)	190	With transformer structure
155	UNICONTROL OF COUPLING OR THE	191	.D.C. coupled
	CIRCUITS ASSOCIATED THEREWITH	192	OUTPUT NETWORKS
156	BOOTSTRAP COUPLING	193	.From cathode
157	INTERSTAGE COUPLING	194	D.C. coupled
158	.Coupling to cathode	195	.Transformer coupled
159	D.C. coupling	196	With additional impedance
160	.Coupling to plate or auxiliary		connected to "P" or "S"
	grid		circuit
161	D.C. coupling	197	With transformer structure
162	.Output coupling from grid	198	.D.C. coupled
163	D.C. coupling	199	WITH POWER OR BIAS VOLTAGE SUPPLY
164	.With electronic tube or diode in	200	.For plural stage amplifier
	coupling circuit	201	Filamentary cathodes heated by
165	.Transformer coupling	201	anode current or anode supply
166	With additional reactive		source
	coupling	202	.For anode
167	With additional impedance	203	And input electrode
107	connected to "P" or "S"	203	
	circuits		.For input electrode
168	From cathode	205	And filamentary cathode
169	With means for adjusting	206	.For filamentary cathode
109		207 R	MISCELLANEOUS
170	inductive coupling	207 A	.Class D
170	With shielding	207 P	.Amplifier protection means
171	With transformer structure		
172	.Coupling from cathode		
173	D.C. coupling		
174	.With electromechanical	FOREIGN	N ART COLLECTIONS
	transducer (e.g.,		
	piezoelectric crystal)	FOR 000	CLASS-RELATED FOREIGN DOCUMENTS
175	.With lattice or Wheatstone	1 011 000	
	bridge network in coupling		
	bridge network in coupling circuits		
176	circuits .With T, H, or Pi network in		
176	circuits		
176 177	circuits .With T, H, or Pi network in		
	circuits .With T, H, or Pi network in coupling circuit		